CAPSULE SUMMARY SHEET

Survey No.: CH-475 (PACS B49) Construction Date: circa 1885

Name: Henry A. Canter Property

Location: 14870 Haley's Place, Hughesville vicinity, Charles County

Private/Agriculture-Residence/Occupied/Fair/Restricted

Description: The Henry A. Canter Property is a 2-story, 5-bay gable-front-and-wing house on the east side of Haley's Place and the south side of Carrico Mill Road in the Hughesville vicinity, Charles County. Constructed circa 1885, the original section of the building is a 2-story, side-gable cottage. In 1920, a 2-story, front-gable addition was constructed on the west side of the cottage. additions have been constructed to the rear and east elevations of the original cottage and front-gable addition.

Significance: Henry A. Canter purchased the 40 hectare (100 acre) parcel in 1881. A house was constructed on the land circa 1885. The parcel associated with the premises was reduced to the size of 1.4 hectares (3.5 acres) when it was acquired by its current owners, Warden L. and Barbara A. Haley, in 1992. The property is not historically significant due to a lack of architectural integrity. The house has numerous additions to east, west and rear elevations. In addition, the exterior has been covered with asbestos shingles and several windows have been replaced.

P.A.C. Spero & Company January 1997

## Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form MD 5 - Hughesville Project

DOE	ves	no

4 No.				
1. Namo	<b>e:</b> (indicate preferred	name)		
historic Hen	ry A. Canter Property			
and/or common	Haley Property			
2. Loca	ation:			
street & numbe	er 14870 Haley's Place		not for publication	
city, town H		inity of con	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
	<u> </u>		gressional district	
state	Maryland	county	Charles	
3. Clas	ssification:			
Categorydistrict _x_building(s)structuresiteobject	both Public Acquisitionin processbeing considered _x_not applicable	Status _x_occupiedunoccupiedwork in progress Accessible _x_yes: restrictedyes: unrestrictedno	Present Use _x_agriculturecommercialeducationentertainmentgovernmentindustrialmilitarytransportation	museumpark _x_private residencereligiousscientificother:
	er of Property:	(give names and mail	ing addresses of <u>all</u>	owners)
	and Barbara Haley			
street & numbe	er 7070 Carrico Mill Road		telephone no.:	
city,town Hu	ughesville		state and zip code	MD 20637
5. Loca	ation of Legal	Description		
Land Records C	Office of Charles County		·····	liber 1717
street & numbe	er Charles Street			folio 510
city,town La	Plata			state MD
6. Repr	resentation in	<b>Existing Hist</b>	orical Surve	ys
title				
date		federal	statecounty	local
depository for	survey records			
ity,town			state	

# 7. Description

Survey No. CH-475 (PACS B49)

Condition excellent	datanianatad	Check one	Check one		
good _x_fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	unaltered _x_altered	<u>x</u> original site moved	date of move	

Resource Count: 3

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Henry A. Canter Property is a 2-story, 5-bay gable-front-and-wing house on the east side of Haley's Place and the south side of Carrico Mill Road in the Hughesville vicinity, Charles County. Constructed circa 1885, the original section of the building is a 2-story, side-gable cottage. In 1920, a 2-story, front-gable addition was constructed to the west of the cottage. Several additions have been constructed to the rear and east elevations of the original cottage and front-gable addition.

The structure has an asphalt shingle roof, with a central, brick chimney located in the front-gable section. The building is of wood-frame construction with asbestos shingle siding, and it has a parged foundation which is covered by asbestos shingles on most elevations. The windows are wood 6/6 double-hung in the original section, with 2/2 double-hung and replacement 6/6 double-hung in the front-gable section and rear additions. The house has a hipped roof porch on the front elevation. Both the original side-gable section and the front-gable addition have 1-story full-width porches. The porches are covered with asphalt shingles and are supported by three square, wood posts. The original section has a concrete slab floor, while the front-gable section has a wood floor.

The north, or front facade of the original section has a symmetrical fenestration pattern. The entrance is centered on the facade and consists of a multi-light glass door. The entrance is flanked by double-hung windows. The second story has three double-hung windows vertically aligned over the first story openings. The north elevation of the front-gable has a side-passage entrance and a pair of double-hung windows. The second story has two double-hung windows, while the attic level of the gable end has a single-light, diamond-shaped window.

The east elevation of the original section has a single double-hung window on the both the first and second stories. Constructed to the rear of the original section is a 2-story shed roof addition. The east side of the addition has a 4-light casement window on the second story. The first story of the addition has a 1-story, shed roof addition on the east elevation. The addition has no fenestration on the north or east elevations and a 2/2 double-hung window on the south elevation.

The rear, or south elevation has the 2-story, shed roof addition which covers the entire rear elevation of the original section. The first story has two pairs of 6/6 double-hung windows, a 2-light casement window and a wood panel door. The rear elevation of the front-gable section has a 1-story, shed roof addition. The addition has a 2/2 double-hung window, a 6/6 double-hung window and a glass and panel door. The entrance is covered by an aluminum awning. The second story of the front-gable section has two 2/2 double-hung windows and a diamond-shaped fixed sash window in the gable end.

The west elevation has two double-hung windows on both the first and second stories of the front-gable section. The west elevation of the 1-story addition to the rear of the front-gable section has a single 6/6 double-hung window.

Access to the interior of the building was not available.

There are two outbuildings associated with this property. The first outbuilding is a stable, with a metal roof and vertical wood siding. Constructed circa 1920, it is of wood-frame

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STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

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## 7. Description (Continued)

construction and consists of a side-gable section surrounded by shed roof additions. The structure is located southeast of the house.

The second outbuilding is an all-purpose barn, with a metal roof and vertical wood siding. Constructed circa 1920, it is of wood-frame construction with a shed roof addition to the west elevation. The structure is located south of the house and stable on a separate parcel.

The property is located on the east side of Haley's Place and south side of Carrico Mill Road, with modern residences on all sides of the parcel. The historic setting of the property has been altered by the subdivision of the original farmstead and the construction of modern residences.

## 8. Significance

Survey No. CH-475 (PACS B49)

1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 <u>x</u> _1800-1899	archaeology-prehistoricColColColColColColColCo	ommunity planning onservation conomics ducation agineering ploration/settlement	landscape architecturelawliteraturemilitarymusicphilosophypolitics/government	sciencesculpturesocial/ humanitariantheater
Specific da	ites circa 1885		Builder/Architect Unkno	wn
check:	Applicable Criteria: and/or Applicable Exceptions:			
	Level of Significance:			

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Henry A. Canter purchased the 40 hectare (100 acre) parcel in 1881. A house was constructed on the land circa 1885. The parcel associated with the premises was reduced to the size of 1.4 hectares (3.5 acres) when it was acquired by its current owners, Warden L. and Barbara A. Haley, in 1992. There are no detailed, published historic maps of Charles County, Maryland that locate and indicate ownership of structures.

The Maryland Colony was granted by King Charles I to Lord Baltimore in 1632. Two years later, the first European community was established at St. Mary's City. Subsequent colonization moved north, along the Potomac and Patuxent Rivers. As settlers migrated away from St. Mary's City, the formation of a new county became necessary. In 1658 Charles County was founded in an area originally inhabited by Algonquins of the Powhatan Confederacy. Road clearing began in the mideighteenth century as a result of the establishment of port towns and Maryland's rising population. Tobacco cultivation dominated the economic and social life of Charles County until the mid-nineteenth century when soil exhaustion required agricultural diversification. The introduction of rail lines in the late nineteenth century linked Charles County with the north and south, encouraging trade. While the suburbanization of Charles County was ensured by the widespread availability of the automobile in the mid-twentieth century, the County has retained its rural and agricultural character.

The area that became Hughesville was located in Lord Baltimore's grant of 6,879.9 hectares (17,000 acres) of Newport Hundred to Major William Boarman during 1650-1699. This land included the region "east of Zachiah Swamp" and became known as Boarman's Manor. Hughesville does not appear on an 1840 Map of a Part of Maryland, and Fisher's 1852 Gazetteer of the State of Maryland did not list the community. Hughesville was located at the crossroads of two of the main routes through Charles County: Burnt Store to Patuxent City and on to Annapolis, (Burnt Store Road and Prince Frederick Road/Route 231) and Bryantown to Charlotte Hall and on to St. Mary's City (Leonardtown Road/Route 5). Accordingly, Hughesville is shown on Martenet's 1866 Map of State Gazette and Merchants and Farmers Directory for Maryland, Atlas Edition. The 1871 Maryland and the District of Columbia called Hughesville a "post town." Bland's 1887 Maryland Directory and State Gazetteer listed both Episcopal and Roman Catholic churches in Hughesville as well as a Friends' school, four (4) general merchandise stores, two (2) saloons, two (2) undertakers, a wheelwright, a blacksmith, a tobacco buyer, and a population of fifty (50). Gannett's 1904 Gazetteer of Maryland defined Hughesville as a "post village...on the Washington, Potomac and Chesapeake Railroad" (Gannett 1904: 43). By 1906 the community was known as "a station of the Southern Maryland Railroad...and a banking town" with two (2) physicians, two (2) general stores, two (2) blacksmiths, a grist and saw mill, a flour mill, an undertaker and

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### 8. Significance (Continued)

livery, a hotel, a hotel and saloon, a grocer and saloon, an insurance salesman, and a population of 150 (Maryland 1906: 667).

The house on the Henry A. Canter Property is a gable-front-and-wing cottage constructed in two phases; circa 1885 and 1920. From the 1870s to the 1940s, the vernacular cottage style was typically built for Americans of modest means. They are characterized by simple ornamentation and mass-produced components, such as door frames, moldings, sash and window units, and porch decoration. The development of post-Civil War machinery capable of producing large amounts of standardized housing elements, such as those found in cottages, contributed greatly to the development of the modern American housing industry. Designs for vernacular cottages were obtained from popular magazines, such as House Beautiful, or carpenter's and builder's journals, such as American Builder. A variety of front-gable, side-gable, cross-gable and hipped roof frame cottages were developed in the early to mid-twentieth century. Front-gable and hipped roof cottages are primarily 1 to 1½-stories tall, 3-bays wide and several rooms deep. Side-gable and cross-gable structures are usually 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -stories tall, are typically 2 to 3-bays in width and vary from one to three rooms deep. They usually include a porch covered with a shed roof. Porches are supported by posts often containing machine-produced Victorian ornamentation. Some cottages feature ornamentation drawn from Craftsman style or Colonial Revival architecture 'Gottfried and Jennings 1988, viii-xv).

The Henry A. Canter property also contains a stable and a barn. Most inhabitants of the project area were engaged in farming at the time of first settlement. The barn was the principal building erected on a farm which provided space for cows, horses, equipment, and hay, straw or tobacco storage. Throughout the nineteenth century, barns increased in size or were newly built to include space for smaller animals, such as poultry and pigs, and as a place for the threshing and storage of grain. Their size also increased during the nineteenth century as the introduction of improved equipment led to more efficient and profitable operations, and, consequently, to increased need for storage facilities (Grow 1985, 60 and 76). Typically, livestock was housed on the lower level, while the upper level was reserved for the storage of hay and straw, and the threshing and storage of feed grains.

Stables, or the ruins of stables, are a common feature in the landscape of several resources in the project area. Many properties which are now surrounded by development were once rural properties with agricultural buildings, including stables. After 1830, as horses began to replace oxen for pulling farm machinery and wagons, farmers increasingly began to build structures exclusively designed to shelter horses. Stables were generally similar in appearance to barns only smaller. The ground floor was used to house the horses while a loft was used for hay storage. After the middle of the nineteenth century, stables were increasingly absorbed into the connected building complex of the farm, although some separate stables continued to be constructed into the twentieth century (Grow 1985, 60-2).

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# 8. Significance (Continued)

### National Register Evaluation:

Constructed circa 1885 and 1920, the Henry A. Canter Property is not eligible for the National Register of Historic Places. The property is not eligible under Criterion A, as research conducted indicates no association with any historic events or trends significant in the development of national, state or local history. Historic research indicates that the property has no association with persons who have made specific contributions to history, and therefore, it does not meet Criterion B. It is not eligible under Criterion C, due to a lack of architectural integrity. The house has numerous additions to the east, west and rear elevations. The large, 2-story addition to the west elevation has altered the plan and form of the original side-gable building. In addition, the exterior has been covered with asbestos shingles and several windows have been replaced. Finally, the structure has no known potential to yield important information, and therefore, is not eligible under Criterion D.

	MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST	
Eligibility recommended Comments	Eligibility Not Recommended	
	1 /0	
Reviewer, OPS:	Date:	9
Reviewer, NR Program:	<u>πο</u> Date: <u>Slail98</u> !	

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9. Ma	jor Biblio	graphical Re	ferences	Survey No. CH-475 (PACS B49)
ee Continu	ation Sheet		•	
10. G	eographica	l Data		
Quadrangle (	nominated property name <u>Hughesville</u> dary description a	, MD	Quadra	ngle scale <u>1:24,000</u>
		for properties overlap	oping state or c	ounty boundaries
state	code	county	code	
11. F	orm Prepar	ed By		
name/title	Caroline Hall/Tim	Tamburrino		
rganization	P.A.C. Spero &	Company		date January 1997
street & num	nber 40 W. Chesap	eake Avenue, Suite 412	2	telephone (410) 296-1635
city or town	n Baltimore			state Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

DHCP/DHCD

100 Community Place

Crownsville, MD 21032-2023

(410) 514-7600

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## 9. Major Bibliographical References

- Bland, John R., ed. <u>The Maryland Directory and State Gazetteer</u>. Baltimore: The Baltimore Publishing Company, 1887.
- Brown, Jack D., et al. <u>Charles County</u>, <u>Maryland</u>, <u>A History</u>. La Plata: Charles County Bicentennial Committee, 1976.
- Charles County Department of Assessment and Taxation. 101 Catalpa Drive, La Plata, Maryland.
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- Fisher, R.S. <u>Gazetteer of the State of Maryland, Compiled from the Returns of the Seventh Census of the United States, and Other Official Documents</u>. Baltimore: James S. Waters, 1852.
- Gannett, Henry. <u>A Gazetteer of Maryland</u>. Department of the Interior, United States Geological Survey, Bulletin No. 231, Series F, Geography, 39. Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1904.
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- Hinkel, John V., ed. <u>See Charles County, Maryland, founded in 1658</u>. Compiled by John V. Hinkel & Associates. La Plata: Charles County Chamber of Commerce, 1959.
- KCI Technologies, Inc. <u>Draft Historic Context for the U.S. 301 South Corridor Transportation Study, Prince George's and Charles Counties, Maryland</u>. Prepared for the Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration, August 1996.
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- Map of a Part of Maryland, Copied from the Geological State Map. 1840. Maryland Historical Trust, Crownsville, Maryland.

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# 9. Major Bibliographical References (Continued)

- Martenet, Simon J. <u>Martenet's Map of Maryland, Atlas Edition</u>. Baltimore: Simon J. Martenet, 1866.
- Martenet, Simon J. <u>New Topographical Atlas of the State of Maryland</u>. Baltimore: Simon J. Martenet, 1873
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  Baltimore: R.L. Polk & Co., 1906.
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- P.A.C. Spero & Company. Maryland Historic Context, Montgomery County and Prince George's County.

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- Rifkind, Carole. A Field Guide to American Architecture. New York: Signet Press, 1980.
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- Wells, Camille, ed. <u>Perspectives in Vernacular Architecture</u>, Columbia, Missouri: University of Missouri Press, 1986.
- Wells, Camille, ed. <u>Perspectives in Vernacular Architecture</u>, <u>II</u>, Columbia, Missouri: University of Missouri, 1987.

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MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

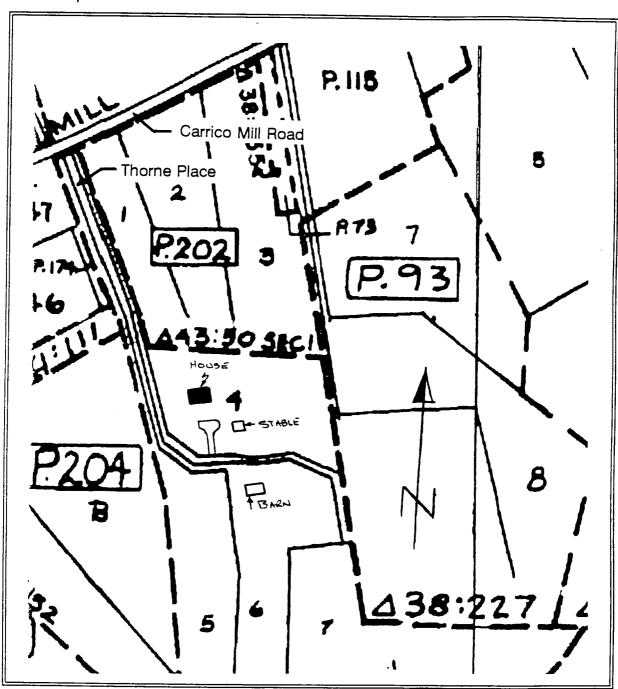
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# 10. Geographical Data (Continued)

Resource Sketch Map:



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Maryland Comprehensive Historic Preservation Plan Data Sheet

### **Historic Context:**

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization:

Western Shore

Chronological/Developmental Period Theme (s):

Industrialization / Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s):

Agriculture / Architecture

RESOURCE TYPE:

Category (see Section 3 of survey form):

Building

Historic Environment (urban, suburban, village, or rural):

Suburban

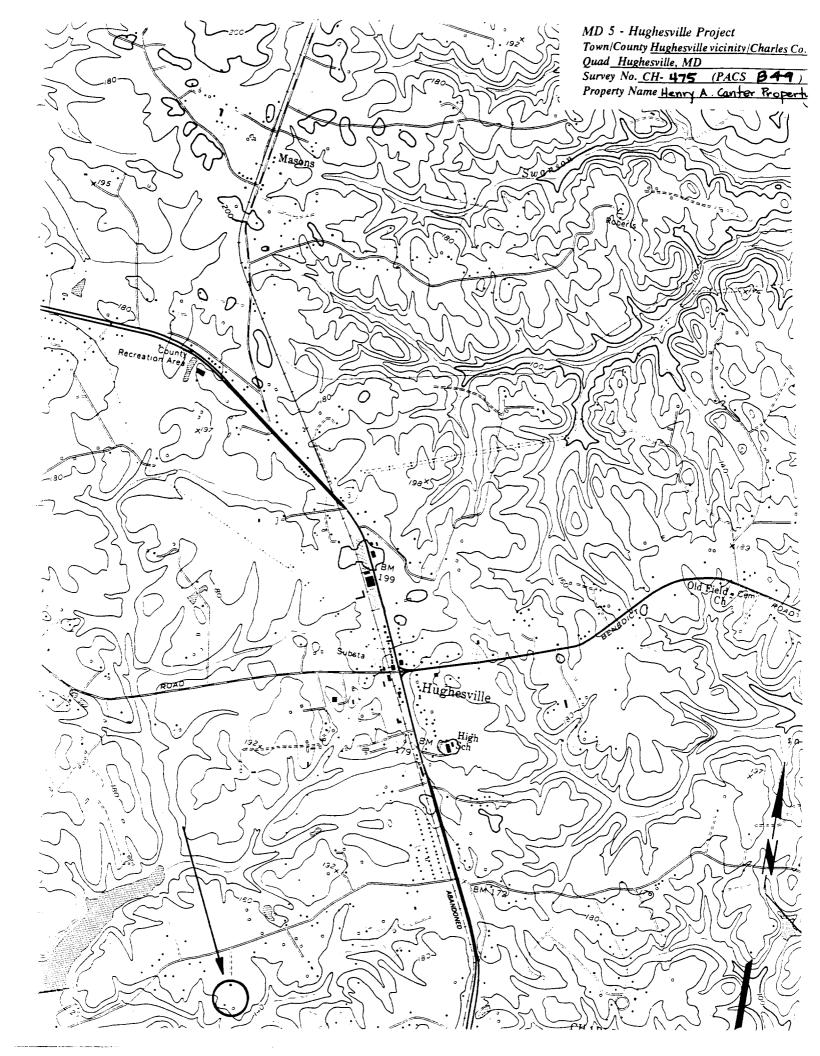
Historic Function(s) and Use(s):

Farmstead

Known Design Source (write none if unknown):

None

Preparer P.A.C. Spero & Company January 1997





1- (--475 2 - Henry Center Property 3- Charles County, MD 4 - Tun Tamburino 5 - January 1997 6- MD SHPO 7 - Front elevation, view 5 8-10F7



1- 14-475 2 - Henry Canter Pirputy 3-Charles County, MD 4- Tim Tamburuno 5 - January 1997 6- MD SHPO 7 - Front elevation view SN 8-20f7



2- Henry Canter Property
3- Charles Country MD
4- Im Tamburino
5- January 1927

6- MD SHPO 7- East elevation, view W 8-30+7



1- CH-475 2 - Henry Canter Property 3- Charles County mo 4- Tim Tambureno 5 - January 1997 6- MD STIPO 7- Rear elevation view N 8-4 of7



CT1-475 2 Henry Carrer Property 3 Charles County MD 4 Im Jamburrus 5 garmany 1997 6 MD STIPO 7 Stable wew NE 8 5 of 7



1 CH-475 2 Herry Curter Property 3 Charles Courty MD 4 Jun Jambursons 5 January 1997 6 MD SHPO 1 Barn view S .8 6 of 7



1 CH-475 2 Heavy Carter Presently 3 Charles County, MD 4 Tim Tamburrino 5 January 1997 6 MD SHPO 7 House and barn, view S 87867